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## Problem A. Strange Device

Input file:            **standard input**  
Output file:           **standard output**  
Time limit:            4 seconds  
Memory limit:         512 megabytes

Archaeologists have found a strange device that was probably created by some ancient civilization. The device has a screen that displays two integers:  $x$  and  $y$ .

After exploring the device the scientists have made a conclusion that the device is kind of a clock. It measures time  $t$  passed from some moment in the past, but shows it in some weird way, probably used by the creators of the device. If the time passed is an integer  $t$ , the two integers displayed are:  $x = ((t + \lfloor \frac{t}{B} \rfloor) \bmod A)$ , and  $y = (t \bmod B)$ . Here  $\lfloor x \rfloor$  is the *floor function* — the greatest integer less or equal to  $x$ .

The archaeologists have studied the device and found out that its screen wasn't turned on all the time. Actually it was only working during  $n$  continuous periods of time, the  $i$ -th of them was from the moment  $l_i$  to the moment  $r_i$ , inclusive. Now the scientists would like to calculate how many distinct pairs  $(x, y)$  were shown by the device when its screen was on.

Two pairs  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  are distinct if  $x_1 \neq x_2$  or  $y_1 \neq y_2$ .

### Input

The first line contains three integers  $n$ ,  $A$ , and  $B$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 10^6$ ;  $1 \leq A, B \leq 10^{18}$ ).

Each of the following  $n$  lines contains two integers  $l_i$  and  $r_i$ , the beginning and the end of the  $i$ -th segment  $[l_i, r_i]$  when the device screen was turned on ( $0 \leq l_i \leq r_i \leq 10^{18}$ ;  $r_i < l_{i+1}$ ).

### Output

Output the number of distinct pairs  $(x, y)$  that were shown on the device screen when it was turned on.

### Scoring

Let  $S = \sum_{i=1}^n (r_i - l_i + 1)$  and  $L = \max_{i=1}^n (r_i - l_i + 1)$ .

#### Subtask 1 (points: 10)

$S \leq 10^6$ .

#### Subtask 2 (points: 5)

$n = 1$ .

#### Subtask 3 (points: 5)

$A \cdot B \leq 10^6$ .

#### Subtask 4 (points: 5)

$B = 1$ .

#### Subtask 5 (points: 5)

$B \leq 3$ .

#### Subtask 6 (points: 20)

$B \leq 10^6$ .

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### Subtask 7 (points: 20)

$L \leq B$ .

### Subtask 8 (points: 30)

No additional constraint.

### Examples

standard input	standard output
3 3 3 4 4 7 9 17 18	4
3 5 10 1 20 50 68 89 98	31
2 16 13 2 5 18 18	5

### Note

In the first test, the device screen shows the following integers.

$t$	$(x, y)$
4	(2, 1)
7	(0, 1)
8	(1, 2)
9	(0, 0)
17	(1, 2)
18	(0, 0)

So there are four distinct pairs  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(0, 1)$ ,  $(1, 2)$ ,  $(2, 1)$ .